



Introduction

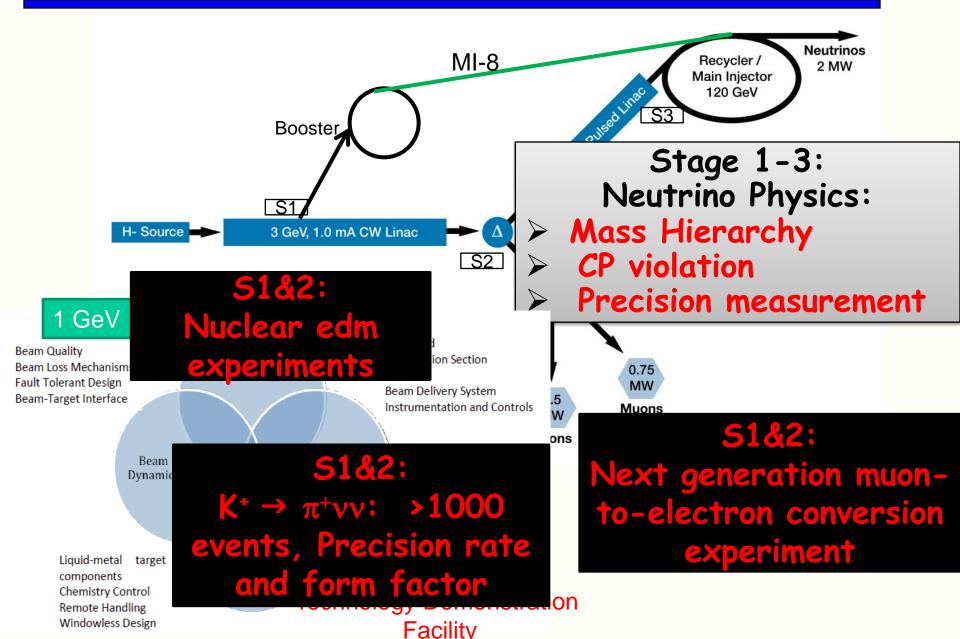






Project X and Its Physics Program

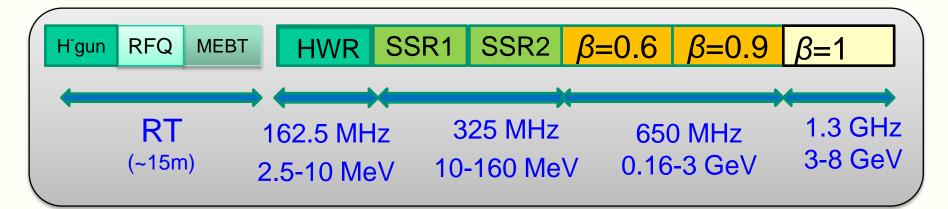






Project X



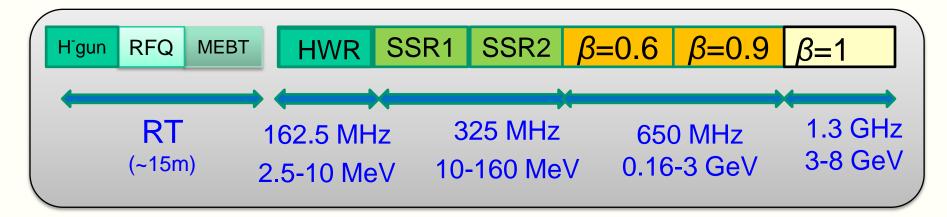


Section	Freq	Energy (MeV)	Cav/mag/CM	Type
HWR (β_G =0.1)	162.5	2.1-10	9/6/1	HWR, solenoid
SSR1 (β _G =0.22)	325	10-42	16/18/ 2	SSR, solenoid
SSR2 (β _G =0.47)	325	42-160	36/20/4	SSR, solenoid
LB 650 (β_G =0.61)	650	160-460	42/14/7	5-cell elliptical, doublet
HB 650 (β_G =0.9)	650	460-3000	152/19/19	5-cell elliptical, doublet
ILC 1.3 (β _G =1.0)	1300	3000-8000	224 /28 /28	9-cell elliptical, quad

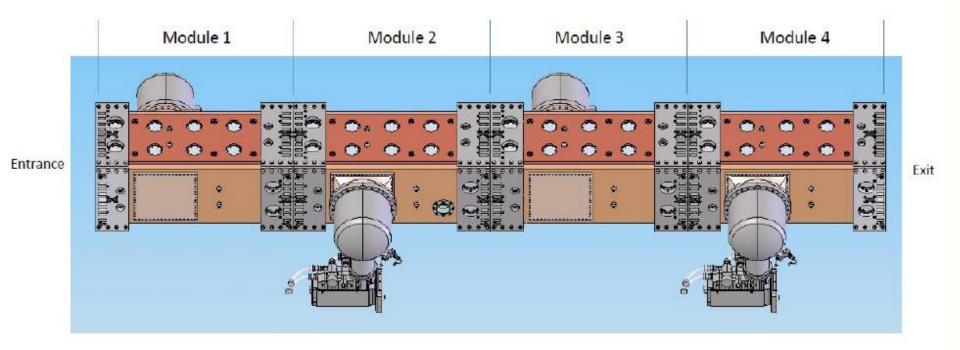


Project X: Warm Front End





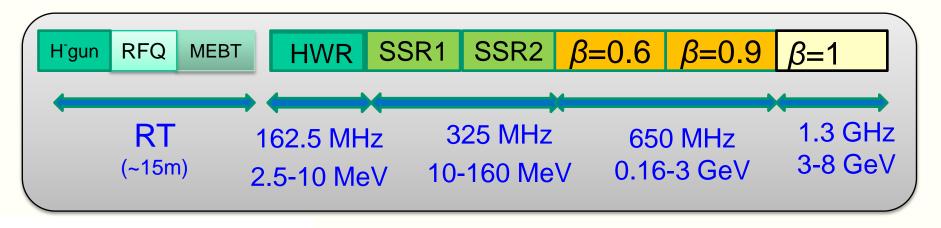
RF Structure





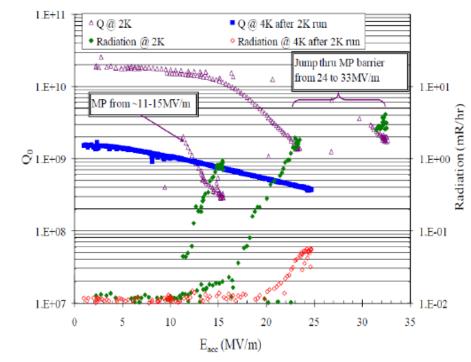
Project X: SRF Linac





SSR1

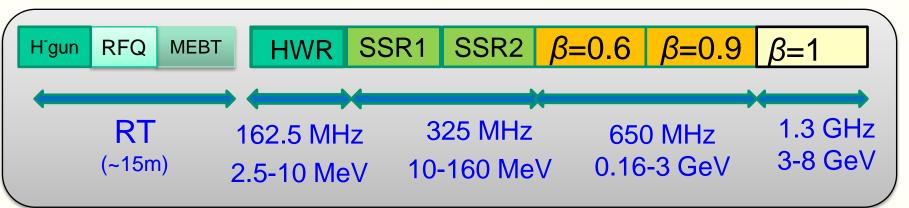


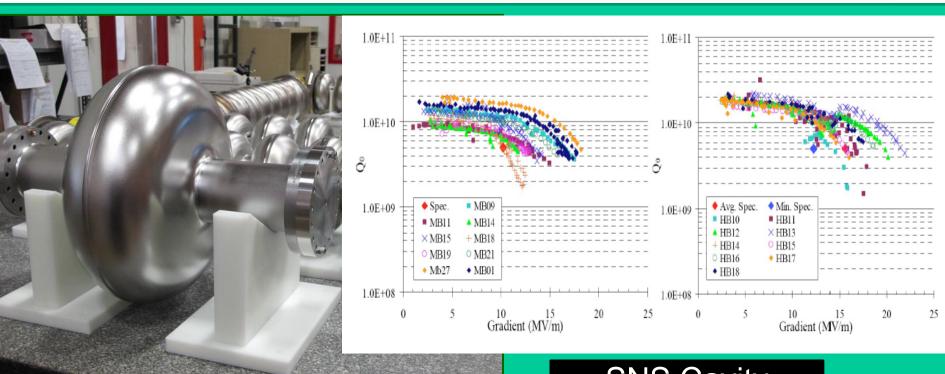




Project-X: SRF Linac







SNS Cavity



Fermilab SRF Infrastructure













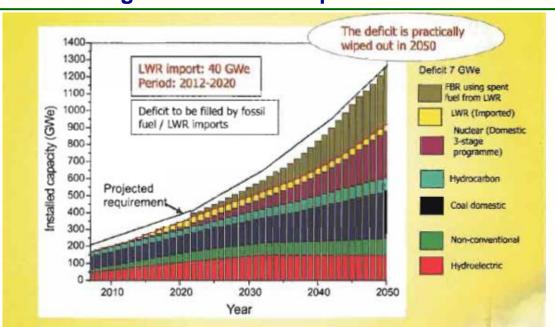
All of these infrastructures were focused on 1.3 GHz.
With India
Collaboration we are upgrading them to 325 and 650 MHz



Indian Interest in Fermilab



- In 1950's Bhabha presented a vision that included a 3 Stage Domestic Nuclear Program for India.
- The current growth in Indian economy and its technical strength provides an "Opportunity"" for realizing this vision.
 - But India needs efficient accelerator technology
 - Transmutation of nuclear waste
 - Converting Thorium into fissile material
- India have plans to develop other accelerators
 - SNS, Light Source(s), Medical isotopes, Agriculture and Industrial
- Physics experiments at Fermilab
 - Training of technical manpower

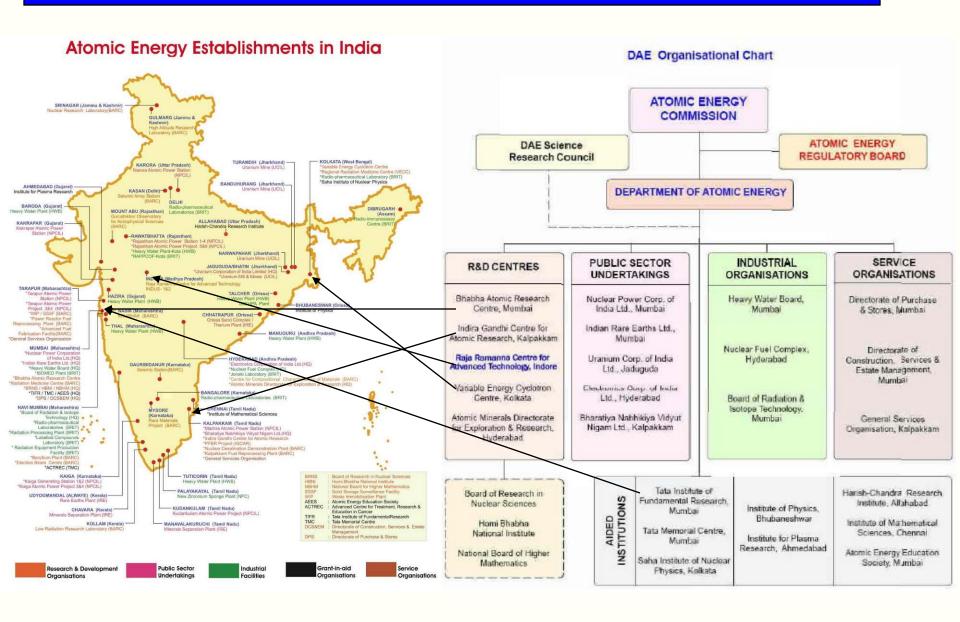


Indian Energy Crisis



Indian DAE

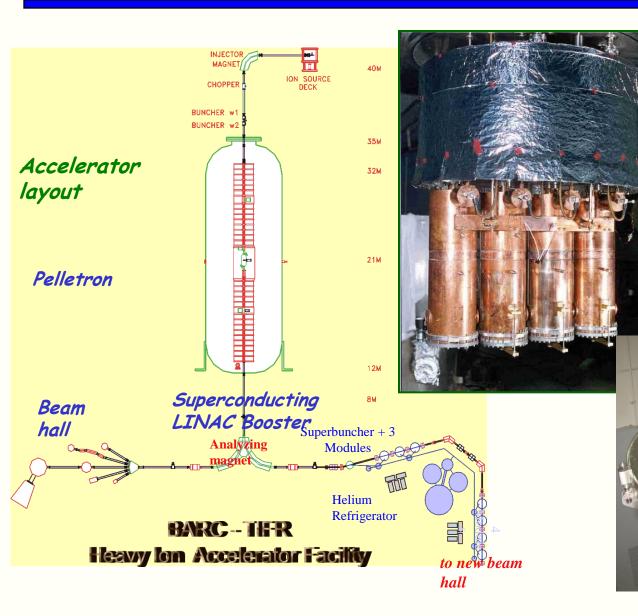






BARC-TIFR: Heavy Ion Accelerator

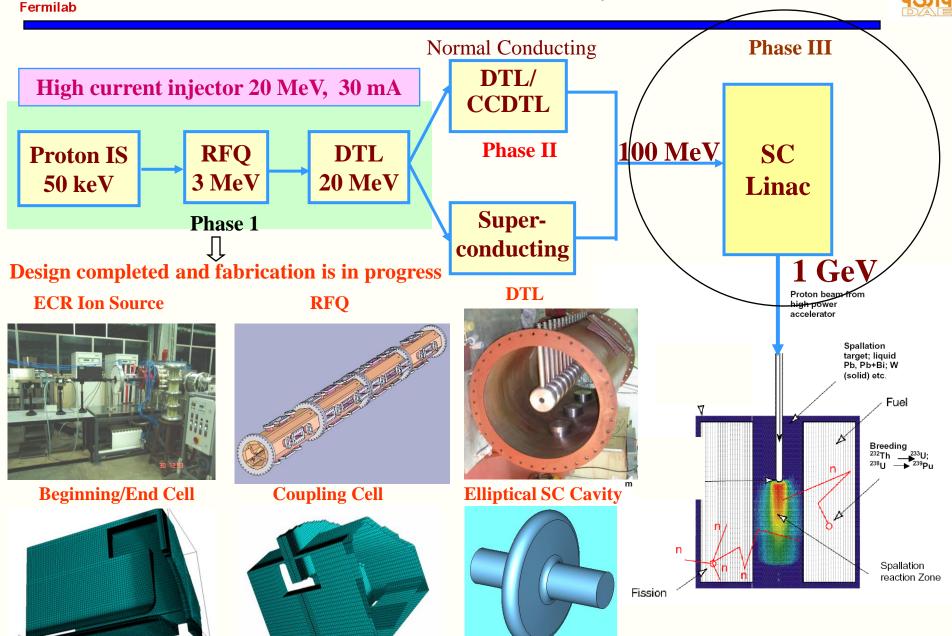








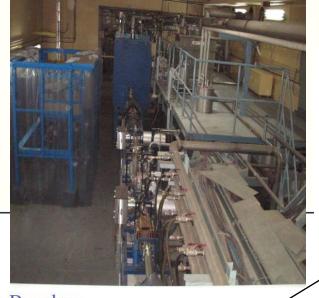
BARC: Accelerator Development for ADS



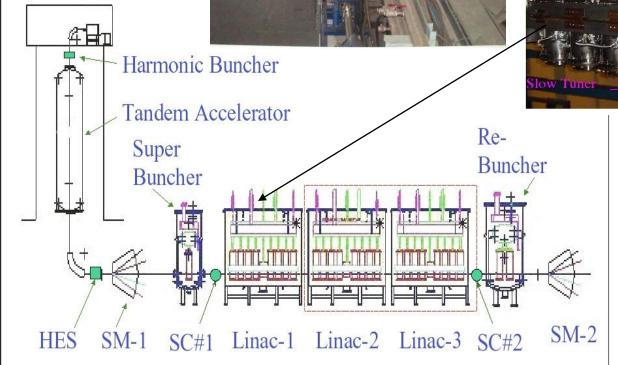


IUAC: Pelletron and SRF Linac









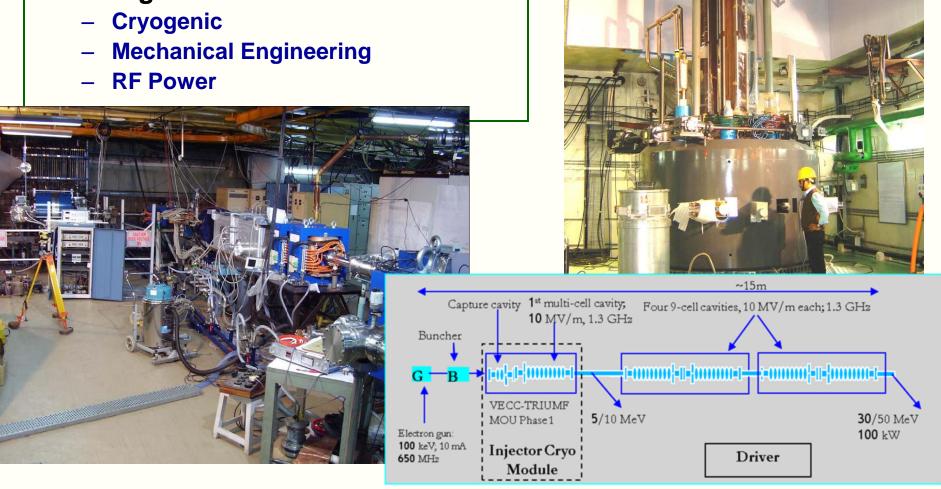
Upgrade to ECR based High Current Injector



VECC: Nuclear Physics



- Superconducting Cyclotron
- Radioactive Ion Beam Facility
- R&D on Superconducting RF Linac
- Strength





RRCAT: Indus-II





Indus-2 Ring in the Tunnel



Long Straight Section LS-6 Assembly



RF Cavities installed in Indus-2 Ring



Transport Line-3 Joining on to Indus-2



India: LHC Accelerator





7080 Nos. Magnet Positioning
System Jacks



MCS (1146 Units) & MCDO (616 Units)

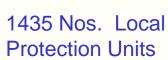


Magnetic measurements teams-~100 Man-years

Jacks



5500 Nos. Quench Heater Power supplies (QHPS)



A part of DAE's contributions installed in LHC Tunnel at CERN

Local Protection Unit

Quench Heater

Power Supplies

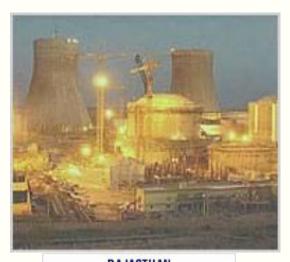


Nuclear Power Reactor





KUDANKULAM Atomic Power Project



RAJASTHAN Atomic Power Project



KAIGA Atomic Power Project



CD-3 to CD-4 in Five yrs.

Indo-US Nuclear Treaty



Collaboration Development



In 2002:

- We had just finished Main Injector Commissioning (1999) and the Recycler Commissioning Team was in its last phase of commissioning.
- Fermilab was getting ready for Run-II
- Discussion of LHC turning on had started,
- ILC was on the front burner with two technologies competing, Fermilab part of both
- Indian HEP physicists had already announced
 - Pulling out of Fermilab after Run-II (after 20 years)
 - Participating at CERN and European laboratories will grow
 - Reflected in their 5 yrs funding (02-06 and 07-11)
 - Looking for another Mega Science Project
- We initiated a discussion of future new collaboration with Indian Institutions with Prof. V. S. Ramamurthy, Secretary, Department of Science and Technology (NSF), India.
 - Ramamurthy: "Get our scientists excited about the science at Fermilab and we will collaborate".
 - Ramamurthy requested an "Interaction Meeting"



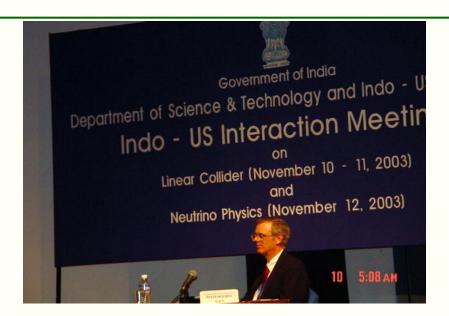
1st Indo-US Interaction Meeting



- 1st Indo-US Interaction meeting, Nov. 2003, New Delhi.
 - Supported by High level Indian and US government & management
 - 19 US physicists and 70+ Indian Scientists participated.
 - US-India discussed accelerator and neutrino physics collaboration
 - Working group formed to develop collaboration

Outcome:

- Indian science management and Fermilab agreed to develop a new collaboration in HEP
 - Established joint working group to formulate a plan for collaboration





Institutes to Institutes MOU: Jan 2006

4.2



Memorandum of Understanding

between

US Universities & Accelerator Laboratories

and

Indian Universities & Accelerator Laboratories

concerning

Collaboration on R&D for Various Accelerator Physics and High Energy Physics Projects

January 9, 2006

The following concur on the terms of the original MOU and outlined in the extension of the Memorandum of Understanding.

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Dr. Ratan Kumar Sinha Director, BARC	Date	Dr. Piermaria Oddone Director, FNAL	Da
RoBo DAL	24/3/2012	forsishra	1/
Dr. Rakesh Kumar Bhandari Director, VECC	Date	Dr. Shekhar Mishra Project-X, Co-Chair IIFC Fermilab	Da
P. a fyla	30-01-2012		
Dr. P. D. Gupta Director, RRCAT	Date		
M. Ray	2/3/2010		

Approvals	
The following concur in the terms of the	is Memorandum of Understanding:
Piermaria Oddone, Director, FNAL	Vinod C. Sahni, Director, CAT
Date 0 1/9/05	March 8, 2006 Date
1 Dola	Sink
Jonathon Dorfan, Director, SLAC	Bikash Sinha, Director, VECC
1/23/06	March'9, 2006
Date h Huon	Date
Christoph Lewiann, Director, TJNAJ	Amit Roy, Director, IUAC
1/18/06 Date	March 9, 2006.
Mann Jan	& Branochype.
Maury Tigner, Director, Newman Lab	S. Bhattacharya, Director, TIFR
	April 17, 2006
Date	Date
	Srikuman Banijan
	S. Banerjee, Director, BARC
	March 14, 2006
Date	Date

Dr. Milan Sanyal Director, SINP

Director, TIFR

Prof. Mustansir Barma

23/3/2012 Date **IIFC**

Date

Date

April 10, 2006



2006-7: 1st visit of Indian Accelerator



 BARC and RRCAT physicists and engineers visited Fermilab to discuss details of technical collaboration.

Focused on ILC Cavity Development Accelerator Physics

ADDENDUM

to the

Memorandum of Understanding

between

US Universities & Accelerator Laboratories

and

Indian Universities & Accelerator Laboratories

concerning

Collaboration on R&D for Accelerator Physics and High Energy Physics Projects

Addendum I: "Fermilab, RRCAT, BARC, IUAC and VECC Collaboration on ILC Main Linac SRF Accelerator Technology R&D"

October 2, 2007

The following concur on the terms of this Memorandum of Understanding:

Dr Vinod C. Sahni, Director, RRCAT

Oct 2, 2007

Dr. Piermaria Oddone Director, FNAL

10/2/07

Dr. Shokhar Michra

Deputy ILC Program Director, FNAL



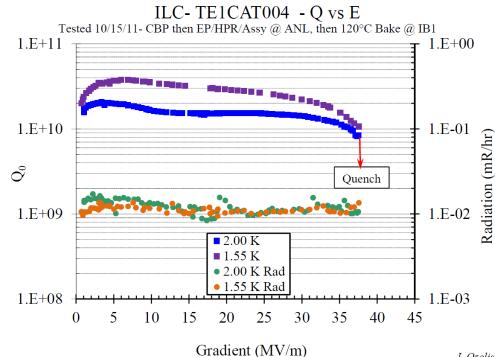


1.3 GHz Cavity Development





- · Fabrication of cavity at RRCAT in collaboration with **IUAC**
 - Processing and testing at FNAL/ANL





2008 Budget Crisis→ Project-X





Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory P.O.Box 500 • Batavia, II.• 60510-0500 630-840-3211 FAX 630-840-2900

Director's Office

January 4, 2008 (By E-Mail and Facsimile)

Dr. Anil Kakodkar
Chairman, Atomic Energy Commission of India
Scoretary, Department of Atomic Energy
Anushakti Bhavan
CSM Marg
Mumbai – 400001, India

Dr. Pier Oddone, wrote a letter to Dr. Anil Kakodkar, Secretary, DAE inviting India to collaborate on High Intensity Proton Accelerator

Last year I convened the Fermilab Steering Group to develop a strategic roadmap for the evolution of the accelerator-based High Energy Physics program, focusing on facilities at Fermilab that would provide discovery opportunities in the next two to three decades. The

I have asked Shekhar Mishra to provide you with additional technical details on the present collaborative efforts, Project-X R&D and its commonality with Indian accelerator programs, when he meets you on Jan 15th.

Sincerely.

Piermaria J. Oddone, Laboratory Director



अध्यक्ष,परमान् कर्ना आस्त्रेन व

মনিক, ক্লোগু হার্না বিধান Chairman, Atomic Energy Commission & Secretary, Department of Atomic Energy

January 21, 2008

No. 22 -2018

Dear Prof. Oddone.

Thank you for your letter dated January 4, 2008 and very supportive views about the collaboration between Fermilab and Indian Institutions. I am glad that this collaboration is moving so well.

I am also happy to inform you that Dr. Mishra met me as scheduled on January 15, 2008. He apprised me with the details of 'Project X' and its linkage with the R&D required for ILC. I also learnst

Dr. Kakodkar sent a very positive response: Requesting developed of a "Phased Collaboration Plan"

With best regards,

Prof. Piermaria J. Oddone, Laboratory Director, Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory, P.O.Box 500, Batavia H. 60510-0500, USA Yours sincerely.



2009: Project X



- Jan 2009, During the signing of the Addendum MOU III at Indore, Dr. Kakodkar and Dr. Oddone met privately
 - Concept of "Total Project Collaboration" emerged
 - Fermilab changed the HIPA design from Pulsed to CW



- Jan 2010, Dr. Dennis
 Kovar, Assistant
 Secretary, US-DOE-HEP
 visited DAE
 - Idea of three Phase Collaboration Developed
- Dr. Brinkman, Dr. Banerjee and Dr. Grover discussed
 - Fermilab-Indian DAE & DST collaboration.



Banerjee: Road Map



- May 2010 Banerjee requests US-DOE for a Road Map for the Fermilab collaboration on High Intensity Proton Accelerator
 - Daniel Poneman, Brinkman, Miller, Banerjee and Meera Shankar, Indian Ambassador met in Washington to discuss this Road Map
 - Poneman and Banerjee agreed to develop DOE-DAE agreement
 - The concept of "Discovery Science" collaboration developed
- Dr. Banerjee charged the IIFC to prepare a plan that would expand the accelerator collaboration to include physics collaboration with Fermilab.
 - The program should be rich in Physics
 - Indian contribution should be significant and DAE-DST Ownership
 - Contribution should have synergy with interest and expertise in India
 - Development of Indian manpower, laboratory and industrial infrastructure
- Fermilab and Indian-DAE established working groups to develop plans for
 - Project X and Indian Accelerator Program
 - Indian Collaboration in Fermilab physics program



DOE-DAE Implementing Agreement



IMPLEMENTING AGREEMENT

BETWEEN

THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

AND

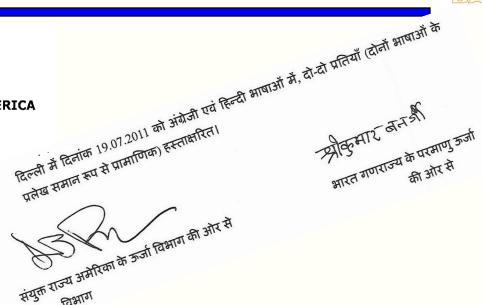
THE DEPARTMENT OF ATOMIC ENERGY

OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDIA

FOR COOPERATION

IN THE AREA OF ACCELERATOR AND PARTICLE DETECTOR I

AND DEVELOPMENT FOR DISCOVERY SCIENCE



Discovery Science: The United States' Department of Energy and India's Department of Atomic Energy signed an Implementing Agreement on Discovery Science that provides the framework for India's participation in the next generation particle accelerator facility at Fermilab.

http://www.state.gov/r/pa/prs/ps/2011/07/168740.htm



Technical work under MOU







Indian DAE → Project X R&D



- Indian DAE laboratories are now working on all major components of 3 GeV CW linac.
 - In some cases they are leading the R&D with Fermilab specifications.

IUAC:

– SSR1

VECC:

- SSR1 Dressing,
- 325 MHz CM components
 β=0.6, 650 MHz, Cavity
 Dressing, Magnet etc

BARC:

SSR2 and CM components

- 325 MHz RF Power
- 325 MHz power coupler
- BPM, LLRF
- Controls

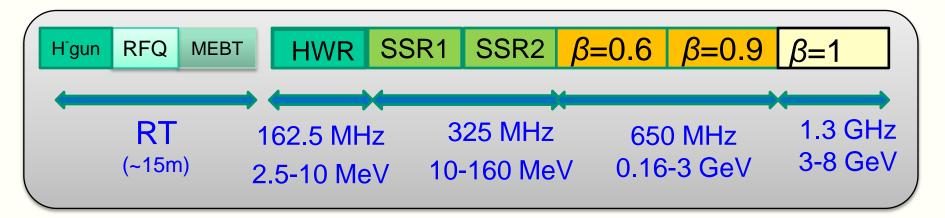
RRCAT:

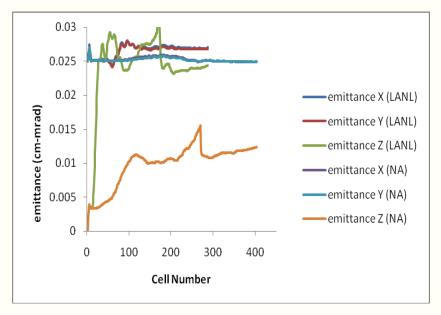
- β=0.9, 650 MHz Cavity
 Dressing, Magnet etc
- 650 MHz RF Power



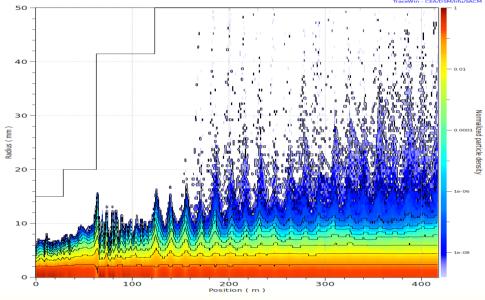
Project X: IIFC Accelerator Design







Evolution of emittances RFQ



Beam envelope 2x all errors



325 MHz, SSR1 Cavity IUAC



 IUAC, New Delhi has developed tooling for the fabrication of SSR1 cavities. The built to print cavity drawings were provided by Fermilab.







BARC has initiated work on SSR2

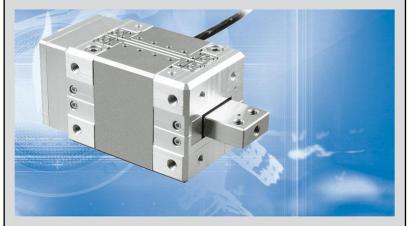


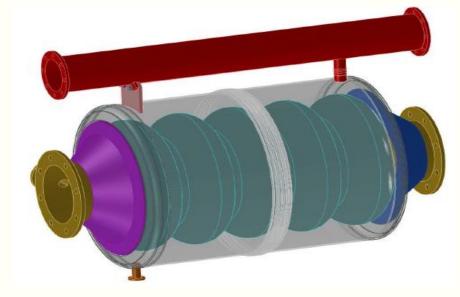
β =0.6, 650 MHz Cavity



• VECC, Kolkata is working on design, fabrication and testing of $\beta = 0.6$ cavity for Project-X.









β = 0.9, 650 MHz RRCAT Progress



 650 MHz β=0.9 1-cell and 5-cell cavities to be built, based on experienced gained from 1.3 GHz work at RRCAT and IUAC.



Die-Punch Set at RRCAT



Die-Punch Set mounted on Press at RRCAT



Aluminum blank, 3mm thickness



Beginning of forming trials with aluminum



e-beam -> Laser Welding



 RRCAT has significant expertise is laser. They have proposed to use laser to weld Nb cavities, replacing very delicate and expensive e-beam welding.



Indigenously developed Laser Syst By SSLD,RRCAT for this task





Laser welded half cells of SC Cavity at CMEL,RRCAT



RRCAT: Status of 650 MHz Cryomodule





• Thermal shield analyses

Support structure analyses and mechanical modeling

Vacuum vessel design

Cavities : Eight Cavities of

650MHz

Diameter: 1.067 meters

Length: 12 meters

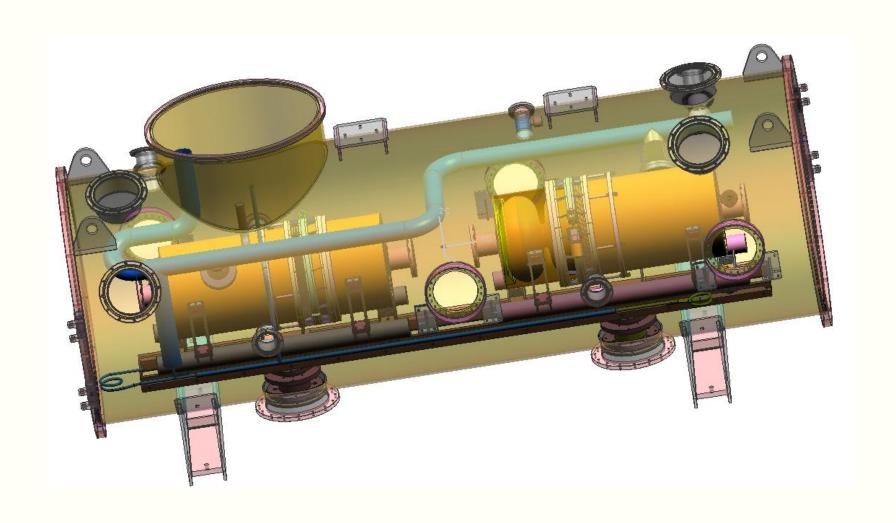
Weight: 7-8 Tons



RRCAT: Horizontal Test Stand



 In collaboration with Fermilab RRCAT is developing a multipurpose CW, Horizontal Test Stand for Fermilab.





RRCAT: SRF Facility



- RRCAT in collaboration with Fermilab and TTC is developing a complete SRF cavity facility under one roof.
- It is design to take Nb Sheet to fully processed, dressed and tested cavities







Solid-state Amplifiers at 325 MHz



- BARC using the specifications provided by Fermilab is developing 325 MHz RF source for Project X.
- Similar development is underway at RRCAT for 650 MHz



<u>Preliminary test results</u>

- 1. Center frequency: 325 MHz
- 2. Power output (CW): 834 W
- 3. Gain: 22.2dB
- 4. Cooling: Water Cooled
- 5. Efficiency (Total): 69.7%



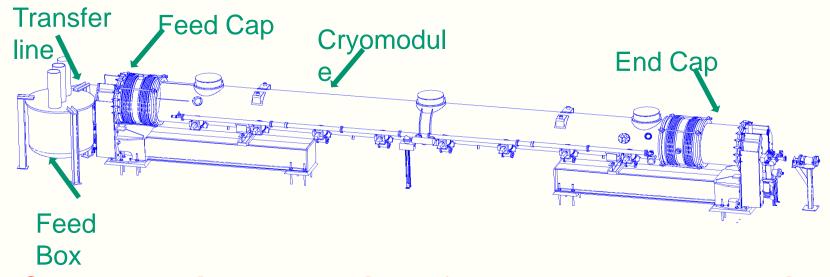
1 kW RF module



BARC: Cryomodule Test Stand



 Conceptual Arrangement of Feed Box, Feed Cap, End Cap & Transfer Lines.



- Status: Design & Drawing of all three sub assemblies is taken up. Ready to order material.
- CMTF (FY16): 650 MHz CW Test Stands for Project X
 - Install shielding, RF, cryo for PX test stands
 - 1300 MHz (pulsed) CM test stand (with India)
 - 650 MHz (CW) CM Test Facility (with India) ← Integrated System



BARC: Controls and Instrumentation



- Beam Position Monitor(BPM) for Project X
- C&I for CMTF
 - Integration of 325 MHz and 650 MHz Solid State RF systems developed in India.
 - RF Power Protection Interlock System
 - LLRF
 - Cryogenic Temperature Monitoring System
 - Software for the integrated operation of the CMTF from the control room



IIFC - Accelerator 2010







What Next



- The magnitude of the Next Phases of the Project-X and Fermilab Experimental program Collaboration with India is very large.
 - DOE and DAE are negotiating this with help from the Indian Institutions and Fermilab Collaboration



are making a bridge from R&D to Construction



Project Annex I & II



PROJECT ANNEX I

TO THE IMPLEMENTING AGREEMENT BETWEEN

THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

AND

THE DEPARTMENT OF ATOMIC ENERGY OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDIA FOR COOPERATION

IN THE AREA OF ACCELERATOR AND PARTICLE DETECTOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FOR DISCOVERY SCIENCE FOR

HIGH INTENSITY PROTON ACCELERATOR

Accelerator Collaboration

Development

Physics Collaboration Development

PROJECT ANNEX II

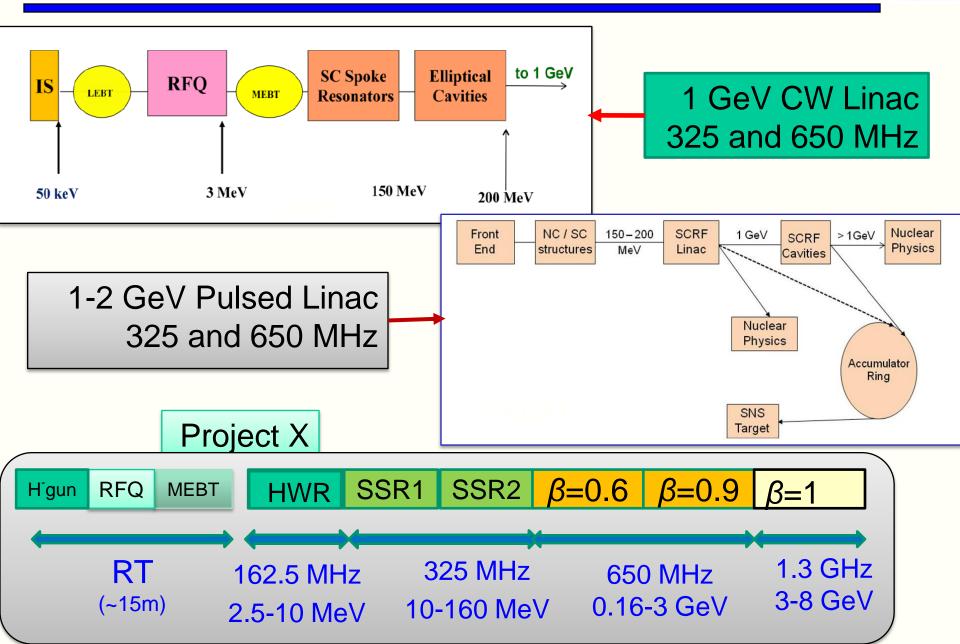
TO THE IMPLEMENTING AGREEMENT
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FOR COOPERATION
IN THE AREA OF ACCELERATOR AND PARTICLE DETECTOR
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FOR DISCOVERY SCIENCE
FOR
HIGH INTENSITY PROTON PHYSICS COLLABORATION



CD0 - CD1 in one Hour IIFC







Indian DAE → Project-X



 Indian DAE laboratories working in collaboration with Indian industries and Fermilab are expected to deliver ½ of all the major technical components for the 3 GeV CW linac.

IUAC:

- SSR1

VECC:

- SSR1 Dressing,
- 325 MHz CM components
 β=0.6, 650 MHz, Cavity
 Dressing, Magnet etc

BARC:

SSR2 and CM components

- 325 MHz RF Power
- 325 MHz power coupler
- BPM, LLRF
- Controls

RRCAT:

- β=0.9, 650 MHz Cavity
 Dressing, Magnet etc
- 650 MHz RF Power

DAE:

Cryogenic plant



IIFC - v P



- Eight Indian Institutions have joined the Fermilab Neutrino Physics Program.
 - MINOS, MINOS+
 - LBNE
 - NOvA (Just last week)
- We are expecting a total of 20 Ph.D. students from India under this program.
 - 50% funded by the Indian Governments.
 - Faculties participation and infrastructure fully funded by India
- This collaboration is growing
 - We continue to include more institutions and
 - Recruiting faculties and postdoctoral fellows.



D.O. No.

GAURAV AGGARWAL Scientist-C Phone: (011) 2659 0554 (Direct) E-mail: gaurav.dst@nic.in

विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी मंत्रालय, विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी विभाग, टेक्नोलॉकी भवन, महरीली मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110016

भारत सरकार

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY TECHNOLOGY BHAVAN, NEW MEHRAULI ROAD

SR/MF/PS-03/2010

02.04.2012

Sub: The proposal by Indian Physicists to Collaborate on Neutrino Projects at Fermilab (USA).

Dear Dr. Choudhary,

This is with reference to the above mentioned proposal.

I have to inform you that the above proposal has been sanctioned to 8 participating institutions at a total cost of Rs. 1106.96 lakh for a period of 3 years and sanction orders to all the participating institutions have been issued.

Kindly initiate necessary action for smooth implementation of the project.

With best regards,

\$2.2M M&S

Yours sincerely

Damas agri

(GAURAV AGGARWAL)

Dr. Brajesh Chandra Choudhary (Project Spokesperson) Department of Physics & Astrophysics University of Delhi Delhi - 110 007

Indian Participation in LBNE

- Inspiration from the Indian Science Funding Agencies
- The program is Physics Rich
 - ✓ Compelling Neutrino Physics
 - ❖ In long run expect dozens of Ph.Ds from Indian Institutions
 - ✓ Physics of Near Detector
 - ❖Participation by Experimentalists / Engineers
 - Exploration by theorists due to richness of the program
- Indian contribution should be significant and should have DAE-DST ownership
 - ✓ Design, built, and operate Magnet + ECal + Muon system
- Contribution should have synergy with interest and expertise in India and with INO program
 - ✓ Expertise exists in magnet design, scintillator (for ECal and/or muon) and RPC (muon) detectors and SiPM (Ecal) readout
 - ✓ Compliments Indian Neutrino Observatory physics program

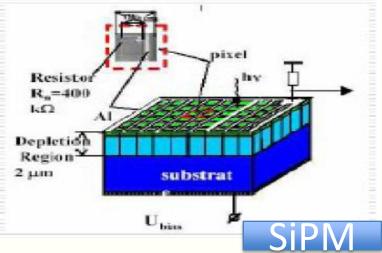


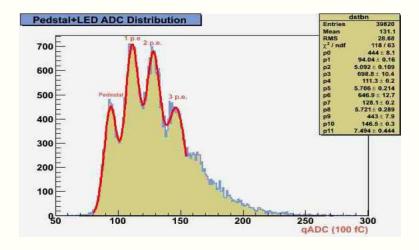
Detector Development in India













Physics Collaboration



- Neutrino Physics
- Rare Decay (Kaon, Muon)
- Particle Physics with Nuclei
- Particle Production and Hyper Nuclei
- Nuclear Energy
- Detector R&D in support of these Physics program

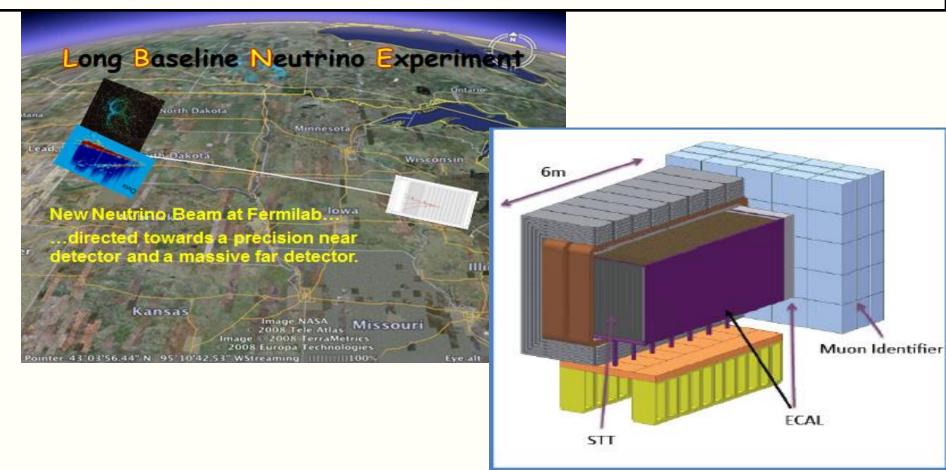
Considerable expertise exists in India to participate in these program and at the same time develop Indian programs



LBNE and India Collaboration



Indian Institutions have proposed to take a leading role in the R&D, Construction and Operation of the LBNE Near Detector





Summary



- Fermilab along with its US and Indian collaboration is making significant R&D, infrastructure and industrial progress that could lead to the Project X construction starting 2017.
- We have set the foundation of a very strong technical collaboration with Indian Institutions.
 - Fermilab has the support of DAE management
 - US-DOE and Indian DAE are working to finalize the next 10 yrs of funding. (two five years plans of India)
- Indian Institutions and Fermilab Collaboration could by 2025 lead to
 - LBNE (in South Dakota) on surface with 10Kt LAr (US-DOE) and a onsite near detector (Indian Contribution).
 - Project X (0-3 GeV CW) with US-DOE and Indian
 Contribution, with injection at 1 GeV into existing the Booster.



Thanks to All who helped



